Detection and Assessment

R&D Forum
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Role of Category 1 Committees

Corrosion and Inspection

 ILI for mechanical damage, cracks, & geometry, direct assessment, coatings & inspection tools, SCC, MIC

Design Construction and Operations

 Implementing new integrity standards, reliability-based design, preventing 3rd party damage, human factors, abnormal external loads, wrinkles/wripples

Materials

- New, tougher and more damage/defect-resistant steels (e.g., X100); repair & assessment tools
- New welding & weld inspection processes to assure integrity and lower repair and new construction costs



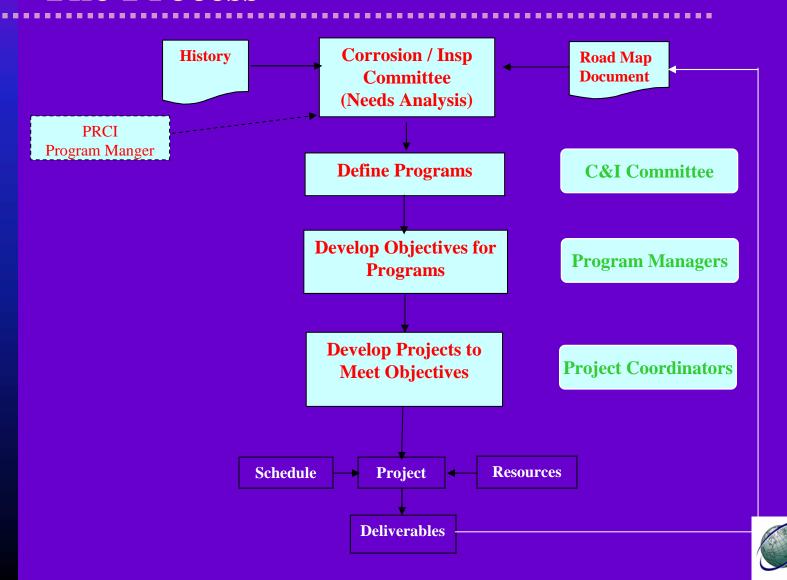
Strategic Objectives

- 1. Develop programs to maintain integrity
- 2. Develop programs to influence regulatory requirements associated with safety & integrity

3. Develop programs to reduce capital costs of new pipelines



The Process



The Road Map

- ☐ Program Name
- □ Program Description
- □ Background
 - ☐ History of previous projects
- □ Objectives
- □ Projects
- Deliverables
- □Schedule / Cost



Program Name	2004 Goal	Co Fund	Pertain to Liquids	2005 Mort.
Mechanical Damage	586	865	70%	250
Non Piggable Pipelines	1220	500	98%	355
Shielded Pipe	356	450	100%	100
Internal Corrosion	545	980	10%	200
Assessment Intervals	175	0	100%	0
SCC	415	0	100%	65
CP Effectiveness	390	265	100%	150
Total	3696	3060	91%	1120



Integrity of Non-piggable Pipelines

Description:

 Develop inspection technologies and procedures that enable the use of alternative methods of integrity assessment for non-piggable pipelines.





Integrity of Non-piggable Pipelines

Completed non-piggable pipelines member questionnaire

- No clear direction for ILI tool development to meet PRCI member needs
- Priority for PRCI members is clearly weighted towards direct assessment

DOT cofunded projects

- Remote field eddy currents
- Baseline study of options for new types of vehicle
- "No Pig" development



Integrity of Non-piggable Pipelines

Schedule / Cost:

- 4 Year \$3,000K
- 2004 PRCI Funding \$1,220K
- 2004 Co-Funding \$500K



Description:

Reduce the internal corrosion management costs of essentially dry gas (< 7 #/ MMSCFD) systems subjected to occasional upsets in gas quality by targeting the locations most susceptible to corrosion for inspection and monitoring, improving the effectiveness of mitigation methods, and prioritizing lines for maintenance activities.





2003 Highlights:

- Corrosive/inhibitive properties of condensates
- Internal Corrosion Direct Assessment DOT/RSPA
- Guidelines/ quality standards for transportation of gas



2004 Projects:

- Pipeline Drip Corrosion Mitigation
- MIC Test Method
- Fluidized Sensors (RFID)
- Effect of Solids & Bio-film on Dew Point
- Microbial Ecology Survey (DNA)



Schedule / Cost:

- 5 Year \$890K
- 2004 PRCI Funding \$545K
- 2004 Co-Funding \$705K

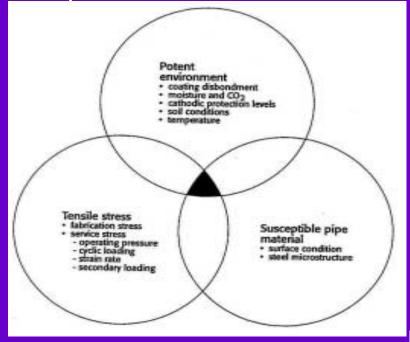


Managing SCC

Description:

Reduce the cost and increase the effectiveness of in-line inspection (ILI) and hydrostatic retesting for managing high-pH and near-neutral-pH SCC







Managing SCC

2003 Projects:

- > Mechanism of Organic Soil Inhibition of SCC
- > SCC sample management
- Increase Number of Wheel Sensors, different coupling methods, PII CDUT Density
- > Non-Traditional Methods for Detecting Cracks
- > Gas Coupled UT (SwRI)
- Circumferential MFL Capability of Detecting SCC

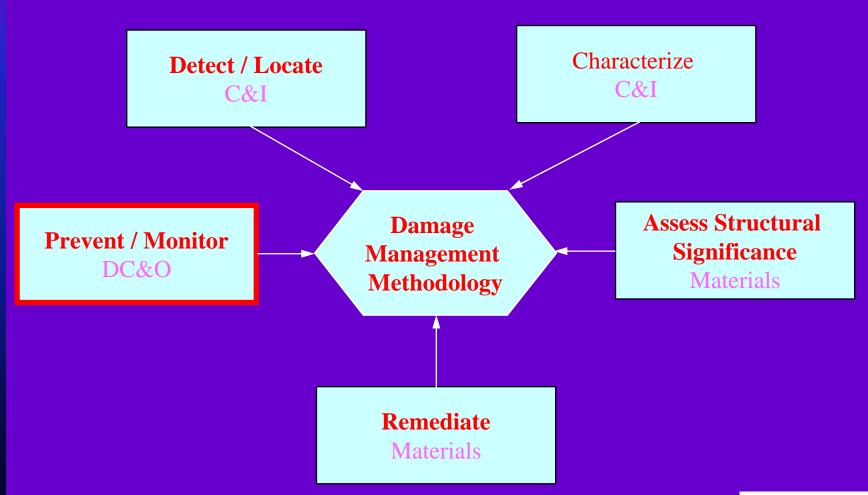


Managing SCC

Schedule / Cost:

- 6 Year \$3,250K
- 2004 Funding \$415K
- 2004 Co-Funding \$0







Description:

Improve methods to locate pipeline prior damage. Improve corrosion detection and characterization. Ensure reliability of detection and determine the threshold for biggest missed imperfection not detected. Prevent pipeline delayed failures due to 3rd party damage on pipelines that have been inspected using in-line tools.





2003 Projects:

- **✓ Enhanced Assessment for Mechanical Damage**
- ✓ Gas Coupled UT
- **✓ Mechanical Damage Inspection Using MFL Tech**
- **✓ Continuous Barkhausen Technique**



Schedule / Cost:

- 5 Year \$4,000K
- 2004 Funding \$586K
- 2004 Co-Funding \$865K



Gaps / Additional Research Needs

- SCC Sizing and Characterization
- Above Ground Detection Methods for Defects
- Inline Tools to Traverse Reduction in Pipeline Bore
- Mechanical Damage Characterization from MFL Signals
- Wet Gas ICDA



Summary

- Consensus Process
- Road Map to Ensure Focus
- Various Programs Which Address Operators and Regulators Concerns
- Broad Spectrum of Input by Researchers, Gas
 Pipelines, Liquids Pipelines and Regulators

