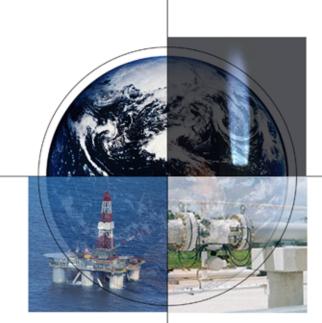
Government/Industry Pipeline R&D Forum



Roadmapping Houston, Texas March 22 - 24, 2005

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Goals of This Session

Presentations

- Introduce existing procedures for Roadmapping

-Illustrate some of the products

Discussions

- Discuss alternative Roadmapping approaches
- Identify possible enhancements
- Is there a better way?



Panel Presenters

- Rodney Anderson, USDOE/NETL
- Jim Merritt, USDOT/OPS
- Paul Beckendorf, GTI
- Gerald Paulus, Mesa Utilities



Purpose of Roadmapping

- Understand key stakeholder values
- Identify key trends and drivers
- Determine technical barriers and issues
- Identify critical research needs and opportunities
- Develop a set of priorities and an implementation strategy (R&D Roadmap)
- Provide feedback on the current portfolio
 - -Correct R&D activities
 - -Progress
 - -Gaps
 - -Adjustments to strategies



Update Existing R&D Roadmap

Roadmap Overview

- Determine focus and scope of roadmap
- Select targeted technology areas
- Identify broad cross section of key stakeholders
- Select venue and required facilities
- Determine structure of roadmap sessions
 - -Type of facilitators
 - -Number of breakout sessions
 - -Recording mechanism
 - -Final product
- Compile/analyze results
- Develop implementation strategy w/timetable
- Implement roadmap



Workshop Scope

- Focus on technology area
- Timeframe
 - -Near-, mid-, or long-term focus (define)

• Type of R&D emphasis

- -Basic or applied R&D
- Demonstrations

Identify what is NOT included

-Natural gas storage

-LNG

- Determine appropriate role for all collaborators
- Capture what is different, what is missing



Breakout Sessions

- Detailed agenda
- Specific technology focus
- 10-12 participants is optimum size
 - -Assign or float participants
- Facilitator & flipcharts
- Scribe
- Adequate notes to record results
- Everyone participates
- Elect spokesperson
- Report outs in general Roadmap session



Roadmap Steps

- Identify and group technology issues & barriers
- Determine challenges and possible solutions
- Identify R&D opportunities
- Assign time frames
- Determine implementation steps
- Determine roles/responsibilities for R&D
- Determine R&D path and possible milestones
- Develop implementation strategy
- Develop metrics

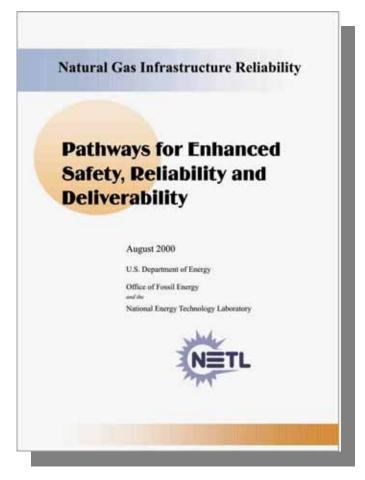


Caveats

- Roadmapping is a lot of work & expensive
- Alternative may be more work and more expensive
- Attendance is difficult to predict
- Trained facilitator necessary
- Dominant participant
- Consensus is often NOT possible
- Data collection and reporting requires focus
 - -Someone must be responsible
- Avoid mission creep
- Priorities can change
- Funding levels may not be adequate
- Keep stakeholders aware of progress



Wrap-up



- Distribute the results
- Let participants know they contributed
- Use the results
- Refer to Roadmap



Recent DOE Roadmaps

Interagency Workshop March 22-23, 2000 Washington, DC DOE, DOT, FERC, EPA, DOI

> Visioning Workshop May 3, 2000 Pittsburgh, PA 15 industry executives

Roadmapping Workshop June 6-7, 2000 St. Louis, MO 40 industry experts

Roadmap Update Workshop January 29-30, 2002 Pittsburgh, PA 40 industry experts

Roadmap Update Workshop February 8, 2004 Phoenix, AZ 40 industry experts

Industry Forum September 16-17, 2002 Morgantown, WV 100 attendees

> Gas Storage Workshop November 29, 2001 Pittsburgh, PA 50 industry experts

Gas Storage Roadmap Update February 3, 2004 Atlanta, GA 50 industry experts

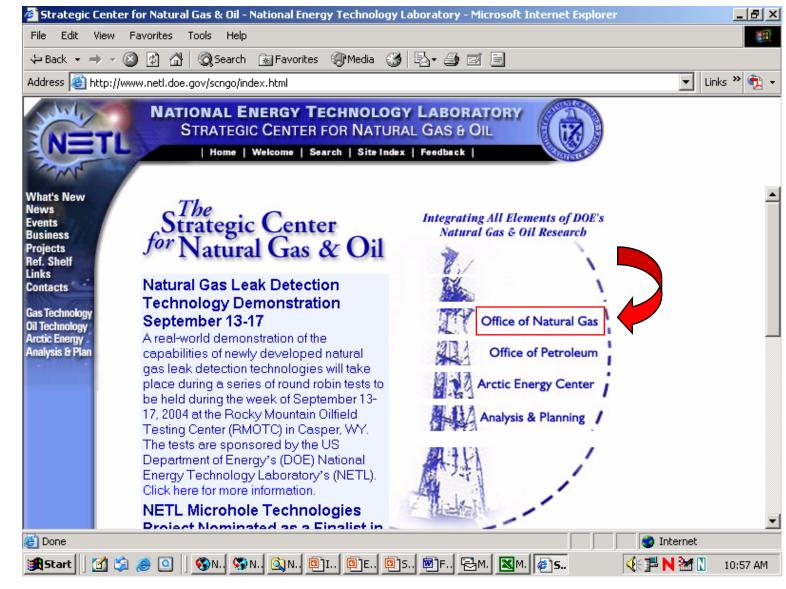
LNG Roadmap Workshop November 8-9, 2004 Houston, TX 120 industry experts

LNG Multi-Agency Meetings Quarterly, Washington, DC 20 participants

NETL

Technology Challenges	R & D Pathways	R & D Topics	Outcomes
Improve Monitoring and Assessment of System Integrity	 Remote sensing and communication System failure prediction and analysis 	 Predictive pipe-failure models "Smart" pipes and meters for real-time leak detection Non-intrusive pipeline inspection for integrity validation 	Assurance of system lifetime prediction Improved in-line and remote inspection Assured life-extension of older facilities Reduction of O&M costs
Enhance System Flexibility and Throughput	Improved pipeline systems Improved storage systems System optimization	 Smart systems Flexible compression High-pressure plastic materials Advanced storage options Dynamic flow modeling 	 Improved ability to follow load changes Improved short- and long-term storage Maximum use of current infrastructure Increased throughput capacity
Reduce Incidence and Cost of Subsurface Damage	 Remote imaging Remote leak detection Sensors for guiding boring and excavation 	Acoustic sensors Locatable plastic pipe (tagged materials) Excavator proximity warning	 Alerts of line proximity during boring and excavation Real-time detection of third-party intrusions
Improve Capability for Cost-Effective Construction	 Advanced construction tools and techniques Advanced materials 	 Improved guided-boring techniques Construction robotics Pipeline retrofit technology Stronger, less-costly materials (e.g., high-pressure plastic pipe) 	 Cost reduction for new and retrofit construction Wider application of new capabilities Improved life-extension capabilities Reduction of O&M costs
Improve Data Quality for System Planning and Regulatory Acceptance	 Improved cost/benefit/risk analysis Technology evaluation and certification 	 Validated and realistic cost/benefit/risk analysis models National grid model Validated technical data 	 Improved permitting processes Optimized national and regional systems Improved acceptance of new technology

Figure 1. Technology Roadmap for Infrastructure Reliability





Internet Location: www.netl.doe.gov/scngo